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ONTARIO  
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

# Apparatus for Physics and Chemistry

## PHYSICS

*The Middle Schools of High and Continuation Schools.*

## MECHANICS AND HYDROSTATICS

	Probable Limit of Cost.	
	Min.	Max.
2 Thistle Tubes .....	\$ 0 05—	\$ 0 06
1 Metric Scale, one foot long. The ordinary School rulers graduated in inches and centimetres will answer .....	05—	10
1 Meter Stick .....	30—	35
1 Calipers, Simple form .....	25—	28
1 Dissected Litre Block .....	1 50—	2 00
1 Pinch-Cock .....		10
1 Burette, Mohr's, 50 C.C. graduated in tenths .....		1 50
1 Measuring Cylinder, 100 C.C. graduated .....	50—	60
3 Beakers, different sizes, lot .....	30—	32
1 Pendulum Bob .....	20—	25
1 Physical Balance, with set of Metric Weights .....	6 00—	15 00
1 Spirit Lamp or Bunsen Burner .....	25—	50
3 Spring Balance, graduated ounces and grains, each ....	60—	90
1 Glass Battery Jar, 6 in. deep, 8 in. diam. ....		35
1 Mortar and Pestle .....	20—	25
1 Pair Single Pulleys .....	25—	50
1 Pair Double Pulleys .....	45—	50
1 Wheel and Axle (Wood) .....	1 15—	1 50
1 Inclined Plane and Car .....	3 75—	4 80
1 Vernier Calipers (optional) .....	1 75—	5 00
1 Micrometer Wire Gauge (optional) .....	3 00—	5 00

	Probable Limit of Cost.	
	Min.	Max.
1 Air Pump and Receiver .....	\$10 00—	\$30 00
1 Elastic Rubber Balloon. A toy balloon answers well ....	08—	09
1 Transmission of Pressure Apparatus .....		1 75
1 Archimedes Principle .....	1 45—	1 50
1 Globe for weighing Air .....		3 00
1 Barometer Tube, heavy glass .....		35
1 Mariotte's Law Tube .....	70—	75
1 Lift Pump, Glass Model .....	1 25—	1 30
1 Force Pump, Glass Model .....	1 25—	1 50
1 Hydraulic Press, Glass Model .....		1 50
1 Filter Funnel .....	08—	10
1 Retort Stand (two rings) .....	40—	50
3 Small Florence Flasks with perforated rubber corks to fit .....	10—	40
1 Florence Flask with wide mouth .....	10—	13
1 Rubber Cork with two holes to fit Florence Flask with large mouth .....	08—	12
1 Hydrometer Jar .....		40
1 Porous Cup .....	15—	20
1 Specific Gravity Bottle .....	60—	1 35
1 Weighted Wooden Prism, 1 square centimeter in section .....	10—	20
1 Hydrometer for Heavy Liquids .....	45—	75
1 Hydrometer for Light Liquids .....	45—	75
1 Aneroid Barometer .....	5 00—	10 00
1 Set Capillary Tubes .....	75—	85
1 Baroscope .....	2 00—	3 00

## SOUND

1 Brass Rod for showing the production of Sound by longitudinal vibrations of rods .....	25—	1 30
1 Whistle .....		10
1 Coil Spring, about 1 inch in diameter and 2 feet long..		20
1 Bell in Vacuo .....	1 80—	2 50
1 Whirling machine .....		5 00
1 Toothed Wheel with ring of holes to attach to Whirling Machine to illustrate Pitch and Sound .....	4 00—	5 00
1 Clamp for Vibrating Plates .....	1 25—	2 50
2 Brass Plates, one square, one circular .....	1 00—	2 50
1 Sonometer .....	5 00—	10 00
1 Violin Bow .....	75—	1 50
1 Tuning Fork-A .....	20—	25
2 Tuning Forks-C, mounted on Resonance Boxes, each....	3 00—	8 00
2 Large Concave Mirrors for Reflection of Sound, each ...	2 00—	3 00
1 Interference Apparatus .....		5 00
1 Siren (optional) .....	5 00—	30 00
Glass Tubes of various sizes and lengths for showing Vibra- tions of Air Columns .....	75—	1 50
1 Organ Pipe with Glass Front .....		2 50
1 Tambourine to use with the above .....	25—	50



	Probable Limit of Cost.	
	Min.	Max.
1 Manometric Flame Apparatus .....	\$ 5 00—	\$10 00
2 Troughs for showing that waves travel faster in deep than in shallow water .....	1 50—	3 00
1 Kundt's Tube for finding velocity of sound in a solid (optional) .....	3 75—	5 00

## HEAT

1 Ball and Ring .....	1 00—	1 25
1 Compound Bar .....	40—	50
1 Thermometer, graduated in both Centigrade and Fahrenheit Degrees .....		70
1 Differential Thermometer .....	1 50—	3 50
1 Calorimeter .....	1 50—	2 00
1 Fire Syringe .....	1 50—	2 00
1 Apparatus for determining the coefficient of linear expansion in a metal .....	2 25—	5 00
1 Apparatus for Testing "Boiling Point" in a Thermometer .....		1 50
1 Maximum Thermometer .....	2 00—	6 00
1 Minimum Thermometer .....	2 00—	5 40
1 Hope's Apparatus for Showing Maximum Density of Water .....	4 00—	4 50
1 Regnault's Apparatus for Finding Coefficient of Expansion of a Gas (optional) .....	1 50—	7 00
1 Dew Point Instrument .....	1 50—	2 50
1 Wet-and-Dry Bulb Hygrometer .....	2 50—	6 00
1 Distillation Apparatus .....	1 00—	2 00
1 Cryophorus .....	1 00—	1 50
1 Model of Steam Engine .....	3 00—	10 00
1 Edser's Apparatus for Finding the Relative Conducting Powers of Metals .....	2 25—	2 50
1 Model Davy Safety Lamp .....	2 50—	3 00
1 Apparatus for Showing Principle of Ventilation .....	1 25—	1 50

## LIGHT

1 Cardboard Screen with Frame .....		0 50
1 Plane Rectangular Glass Tank, to be used also as Pneumatic Trough .....	2 50—	3 50
1 Plane Mirror, Mounted in Frame with Supports to Stand Vertically on the Table .....		3 00
1 Port Lumiere .....	10 00—	25 00
or Projection Lantern .....	15 00—	200 00
1 Optical Bench and Photometer, complete with Concave and Convex Mirrors and Set of Demonstration Lenses .....	5 50—	20 00
1 Optical Disc and Refraction Tank .....		17 50
1 Refraction Tank .....		3 50
1 Rotating Mirror, mounted on stand .....	2 50—	4 00
2 60° Glass Prisms .....	70—	2 00
1 Focusing Lens, large, mounted on stand .....	3 00—	4 00
1 Colour Wheel for re-Composition of Light .....		1 50
1 Direct Vision Spectroscope .....	6 00—	25 00
1 Telescope (optional) .....		5 00

## ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

	Probable Limit of Cost.	
	Min.	Max.
2 Bar Magnets .....	\$ 0 25—	\$ 0 50
1 Horse Shoe Magnet .....	10—	20
1 Compass .....		20
1 Bar Soft Iron (round, 6 inches long) .....	10—	15
1 Sheet Zinc and Sheet Copper (Pair Elements).....		15
1 Galvanoscope, complete .....	75—	2 50
4 Dry Cells .....	25—	30
1 Spool Double Covered Magnet Wire, No. 20, to be used for making Electro-Magnets, etc .....		20
4 Small Incandescent Lamps (3 volts), each .....		40
1 Dipping Needle .....	3 00—	20 00
2 Insulating Stands, for suspending pith balls, etc. ....	25—	1 00
2 Spherical Metallic Condensers on insulation stands....		2 50
2 Hollow Hemispherical Condensers, with insulating handles to fit over spherical condenser .....		2 50
1 Cylindrical Metallic Condenser on insulating stand ...		2 50
1 Glass Rod and 1 Ebonite Rod, for experiments in elec- trification .....	35—	75
1 Wimshurst Electrical Machine (optional) .....		25 00
1 Gold Leaf Electroscope (fitted as a condensing electro- scope) .....		10 00
2 Leyden Jars .....		3 00
1 Discharger for Leyden Jar .....		2 00
Strips of Zinc, Copper, Carbon, Iron, Lead and Platinum to be used in constructing the various forms of cells..	50—	2 00
1 Daniell Cell .....	50—	75
1 Leclanché Cell .....	50—	60
1 Water Voltameter .....	2 00—	2 75
1 Copper Voltameter .....	1 50—	4 50
1 U-Shaped Tube on stand .....	1 00—	1 50
2 Coils with Mercury Commutator, for showing Laws of Currents, complete .....	1 00—	3 50
1 Set of Telegraph Instruments .....	2 50—	5 00
1 Electric Bell .....	50—	1 00
1 Astatic Pair of Magnetic Needles .....	75—	1 75
1 Astatic or D'Arsonval Galvanometer .....	5 00—	10 00
1 Tangent Galvanometer .....	3 50—	10 00
1 Ammeter .....	3 00—	10 00
1 Voltmeter .....	3 00—	10 00
1 Set of Coils for demonstrating the laws of current in- duction .....		3 00
1 Dynamo and Motor, showing parts and connections..	12 00—	30 00
1 Arc Lamp, Simple Regulator .....	3 00—	3 30
1 Wheatstone Bridge .....	5 00—	25 00
Instead of the above a Meter Sliding Bridge may be used .....	5 00—	15 00
1 Induction Coil .....	3 00—	25 00
1 Set Telephone Instruments .....	4 00—	10 00
1 Set Wireless Telegraphy Instruments (simple form)..		15 00
1 X-Ray Tube .....		5 00